

Homework #1
Handed Out October 5, 2010
Due October 14, 2010

- 1) Read Chapters 1 and 6.
- 2) For the following cases compute Debye length, number of particles in a Debye sphere, the sound speed, the Alfvén speed, β , and g .
 - a) The solar wind – Assume the average energy is 10 eV and the density is $5 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^{-3}$. Also assume ions = H^+ , $B = 5 \text{ nT}$. If the plasma is moving at 400 km/s, what are the Mach numbers for the sound speed and the Alfvén speed?
 - b) The Earth's ionosphere at 100 km altitude – Assume an average energy of 1 eV, a density of 10^{12} m^{-3} and Ions = O_2^+ , $B = 0.1 \text{ G}$.
 - c) The plasma sheet – Assume an average energy of 1 keV, a density of 10^6 m^{-3} and Ions = O^+ , $B = 10 \text{ nT}$.
 - d) The corona of the Sun – Assume an average energy of 100 eV, a density of 10^{14} m^{-3} and Ions = H^+ , $B = 10 \text{ G}$.
- 3) A Maxwellian velocity distribution function is given by:

$$f(\mathbf{v}) = n \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT} \right)^{3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{m\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}}{2kT} \right)$$

Compute the average velocity and kinetic energy for particles described by this distribution function.

For 515 Students:

- 4) Write down the expression of a Maxwellian distribution function that is flowing with the velocity \mathbf{u} . Sketch the distribution function indicating on the plot the following values (as a function of m , k , and T): the peak value, the temperature and v_{rms} , and the full width half maximum.

Hint: You might need $\int e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$