

## MHD Equations

$$\frac{\partial \rho_m}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{m}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{m}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left( \mathbf{m} \frac{\mathbf{m}}{\rho_m} \right) + \nabla P = \mathbf{J} \times \mathbf{B} + \rho_m \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{r})$$

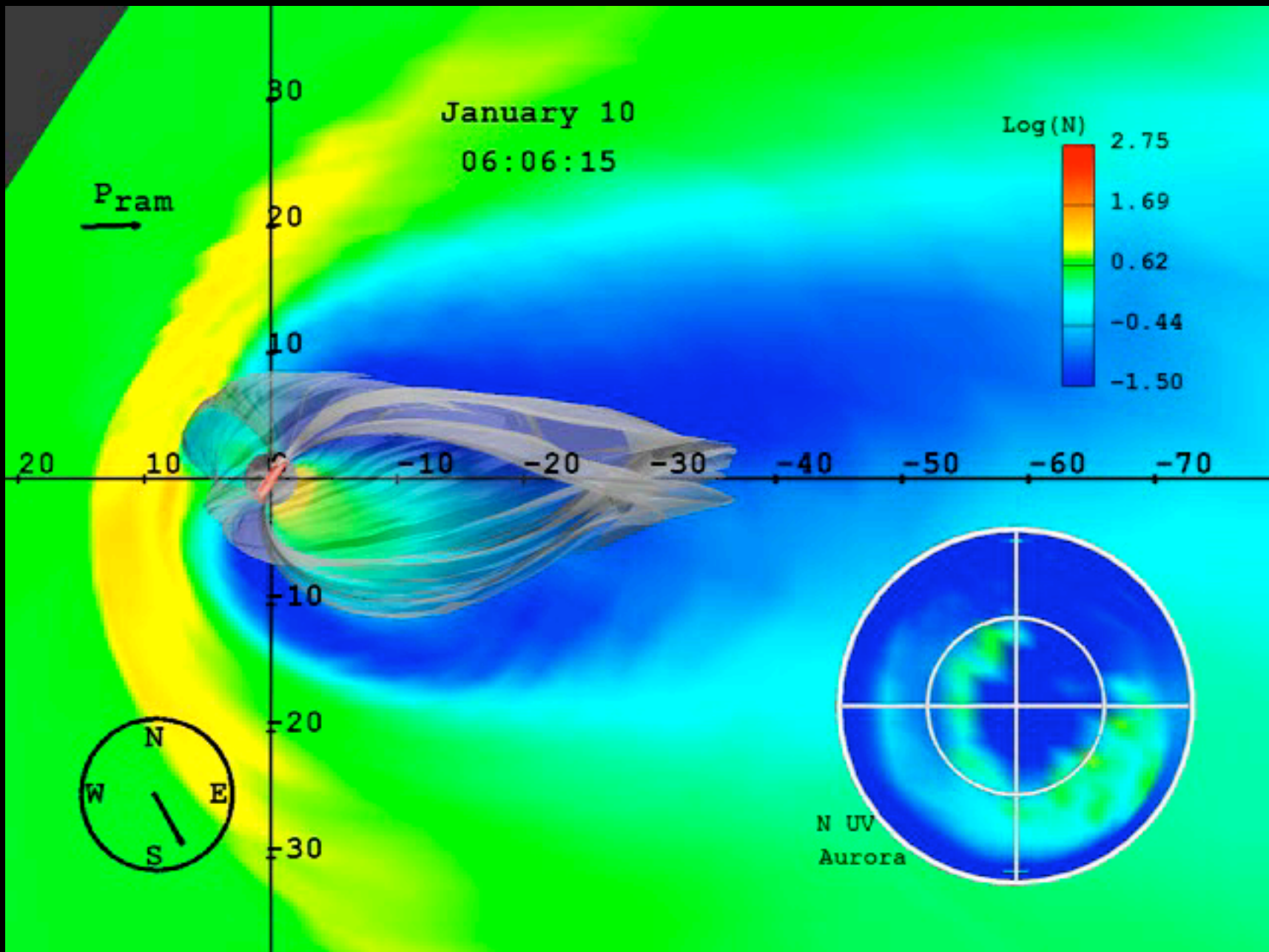
$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left( \frac{\mathbf{m}}{\rho_m} (e + P) \right) = \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{r}) \quad \text{where} \quad e = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\mathbf{m}^2}{\rho_m} + \frac{P}{\gamma - 1}$$

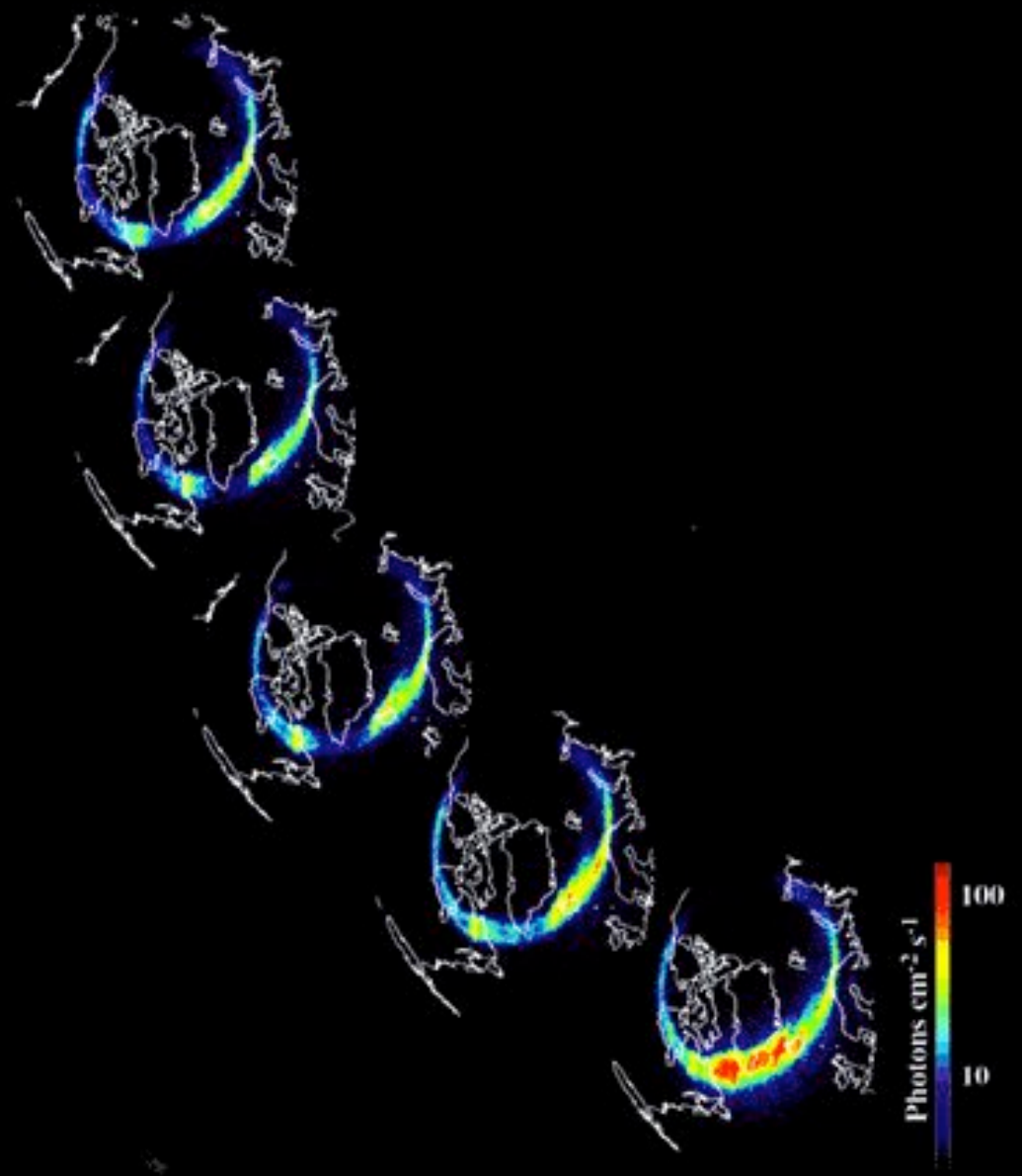
$$\text{or} \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = -\gamma \nabla \cdot (P \mathbf{u}) + (\gamma - 1) \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla P$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \mathbf{E} = 0$$

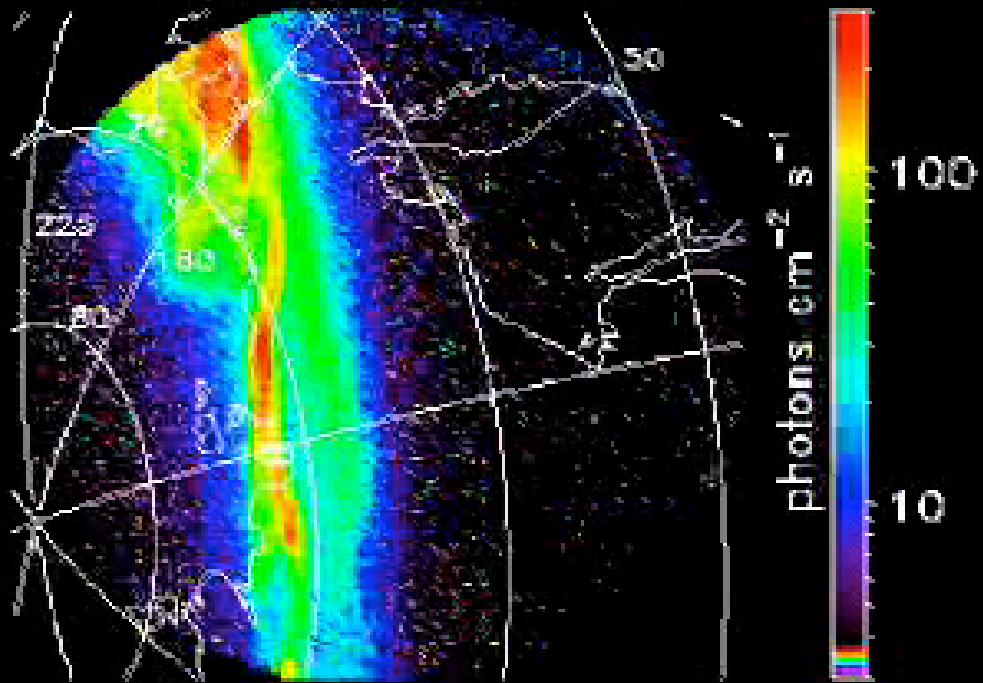
$$\mathbf{J} = \frac{1}{\mu_o} \nabla \times \mathbf{B}$$

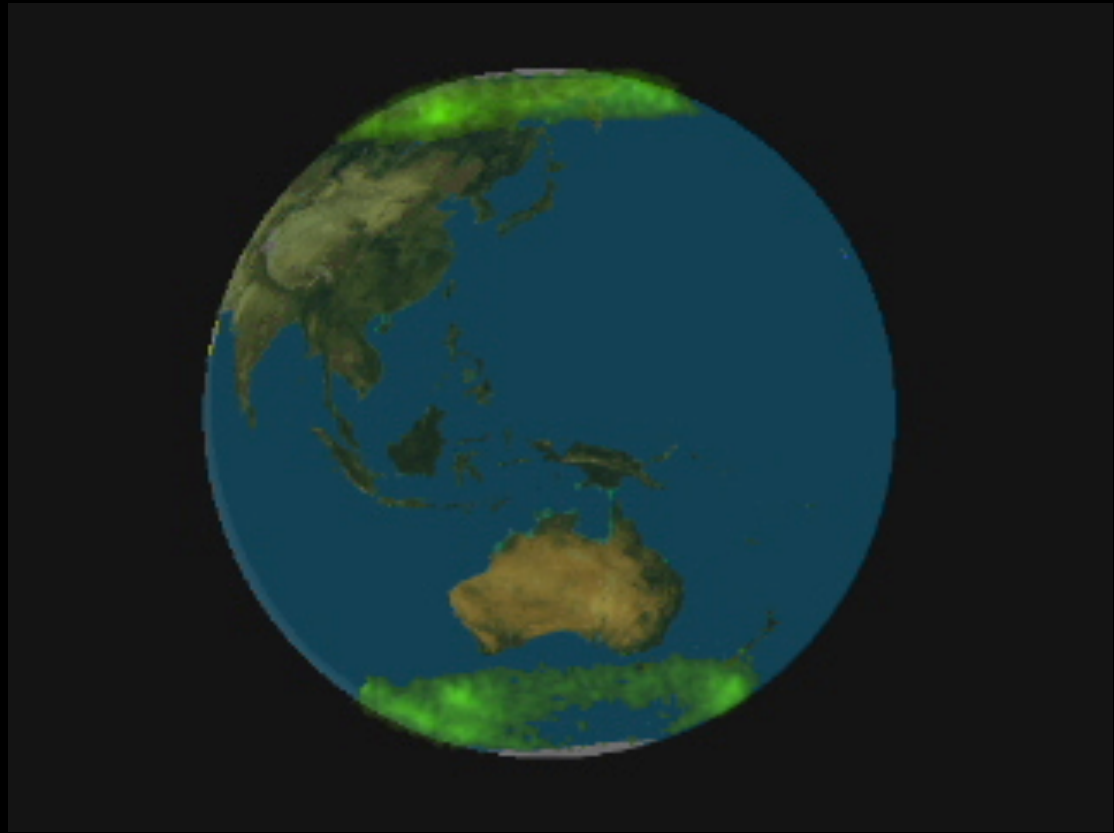
$$\mathbf{E} = -\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{B} + \eta \mathbf{J}$$

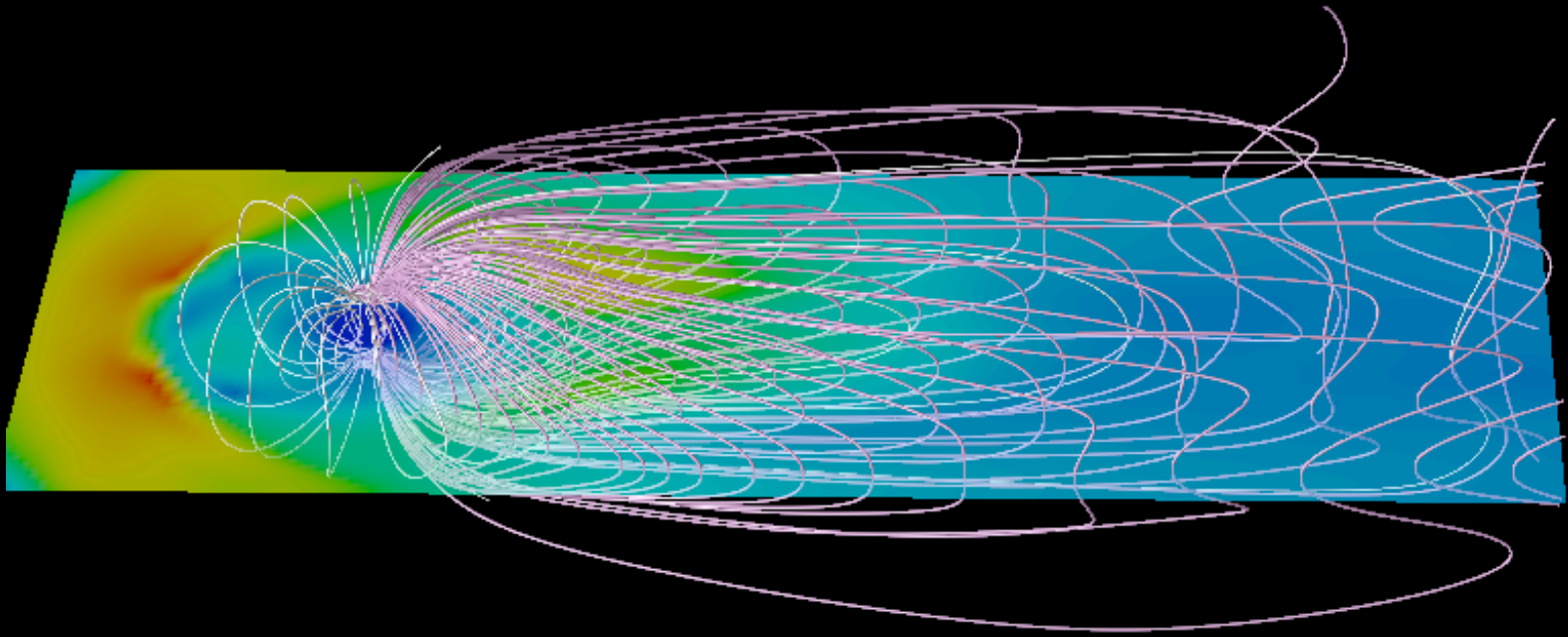


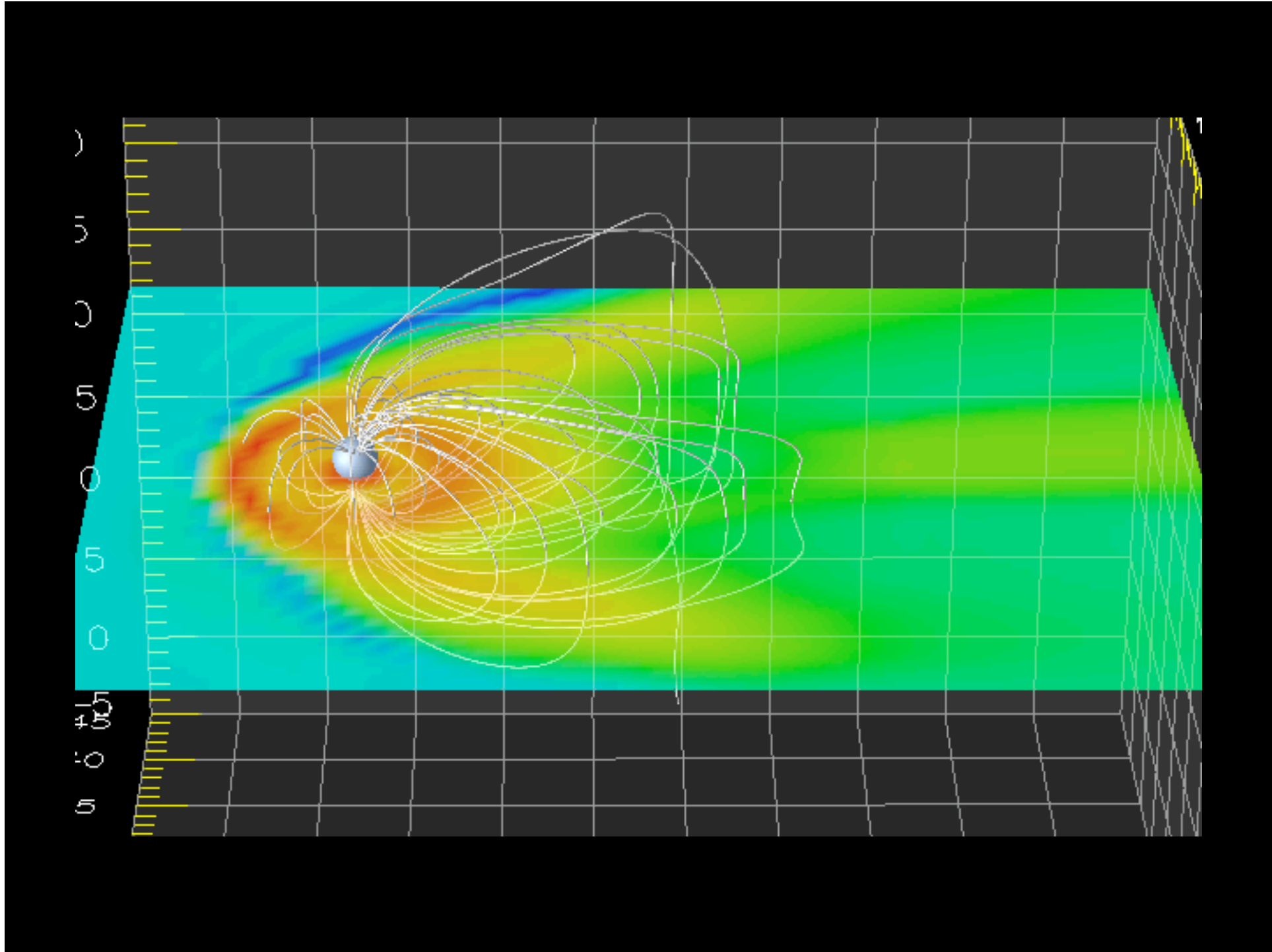


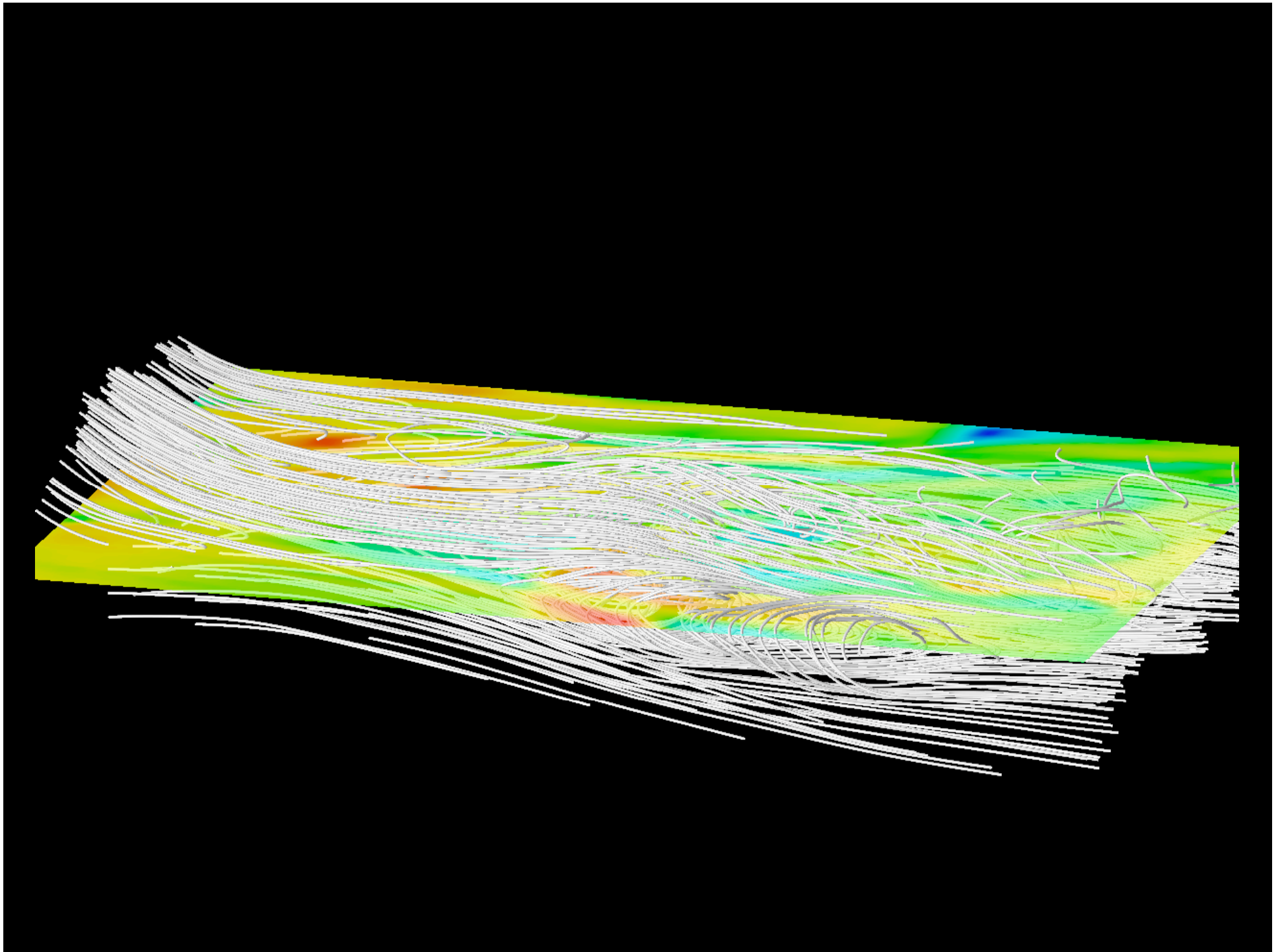
19970110 1001:05 UT LBHL



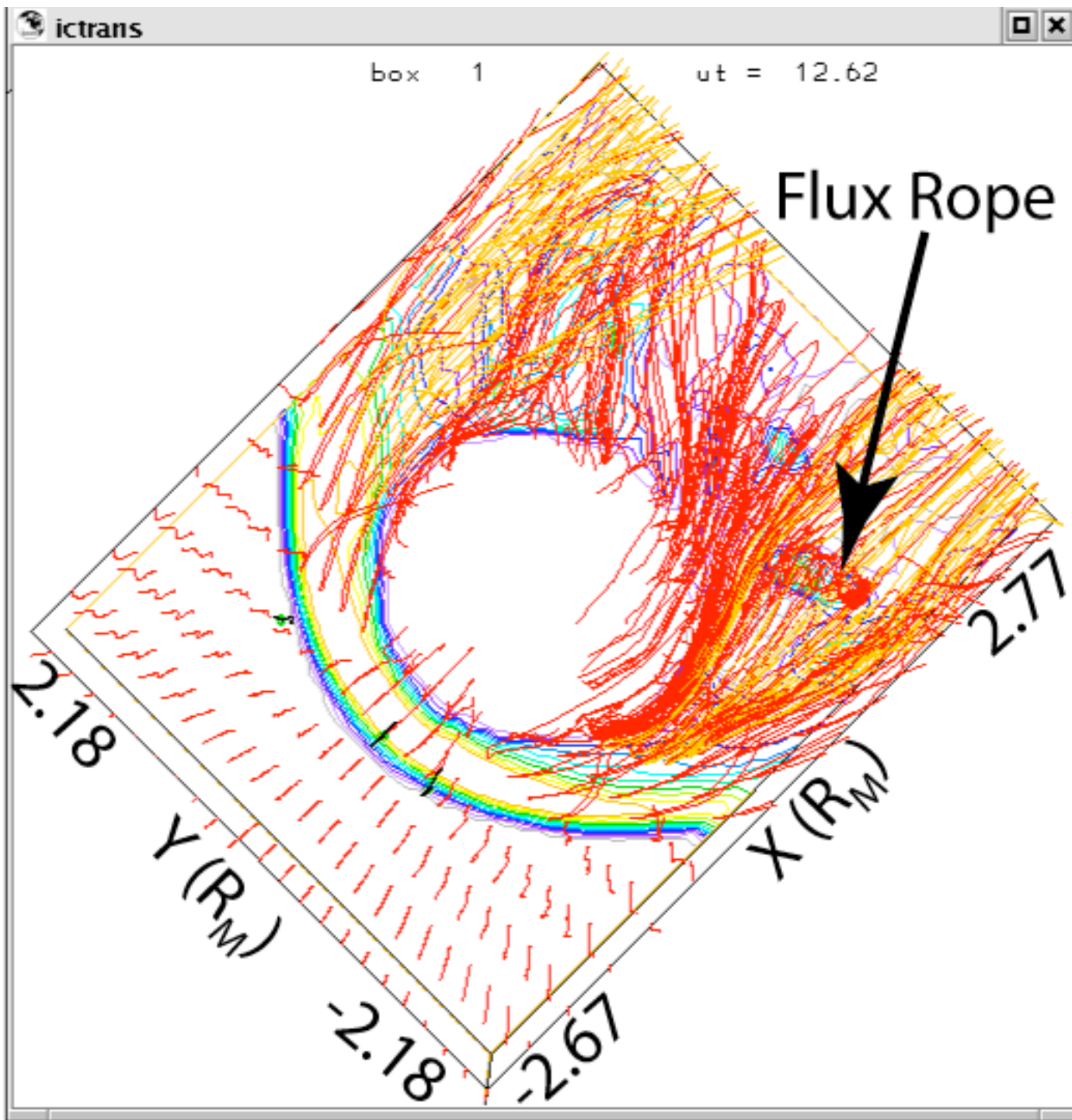


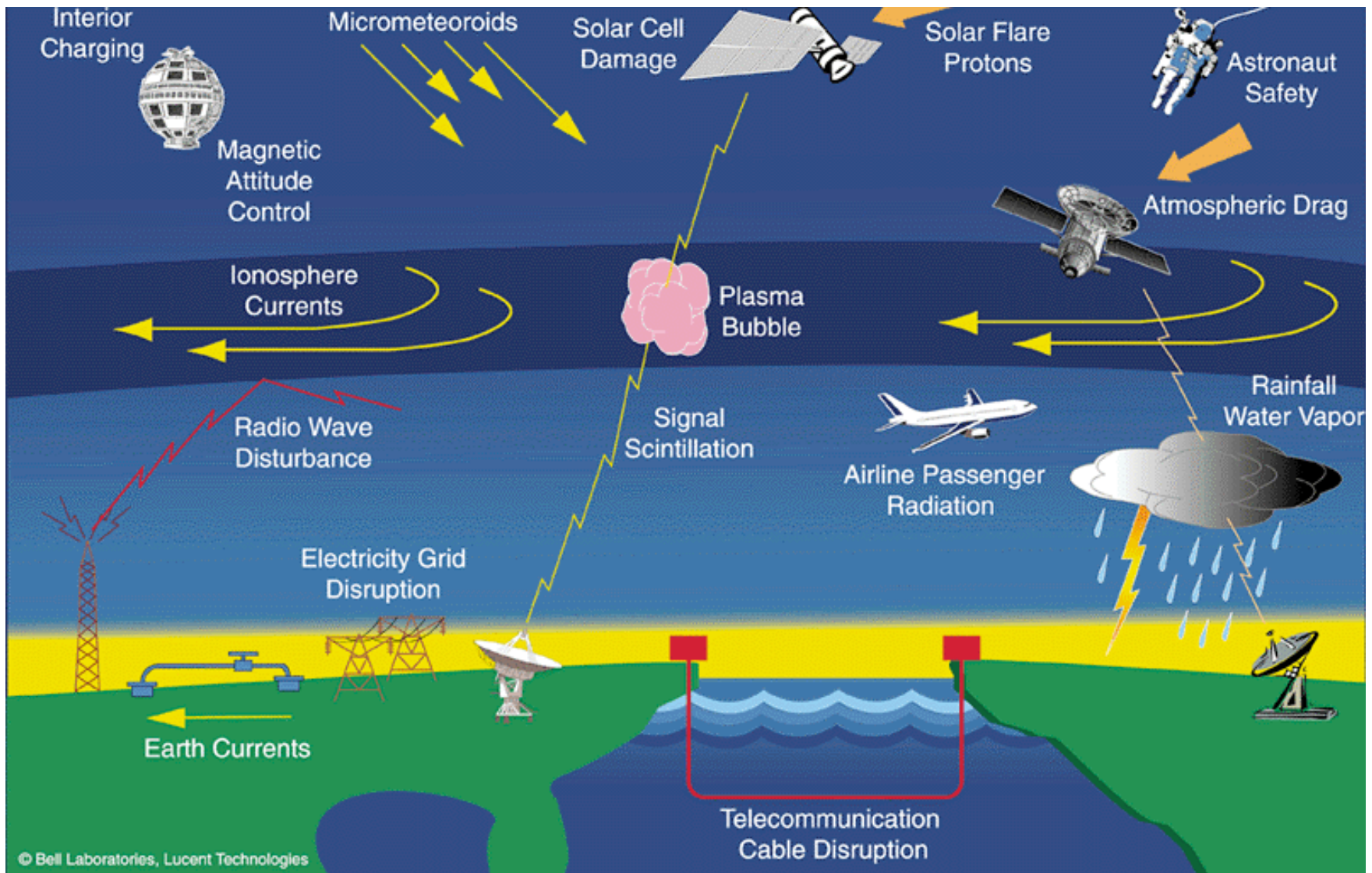








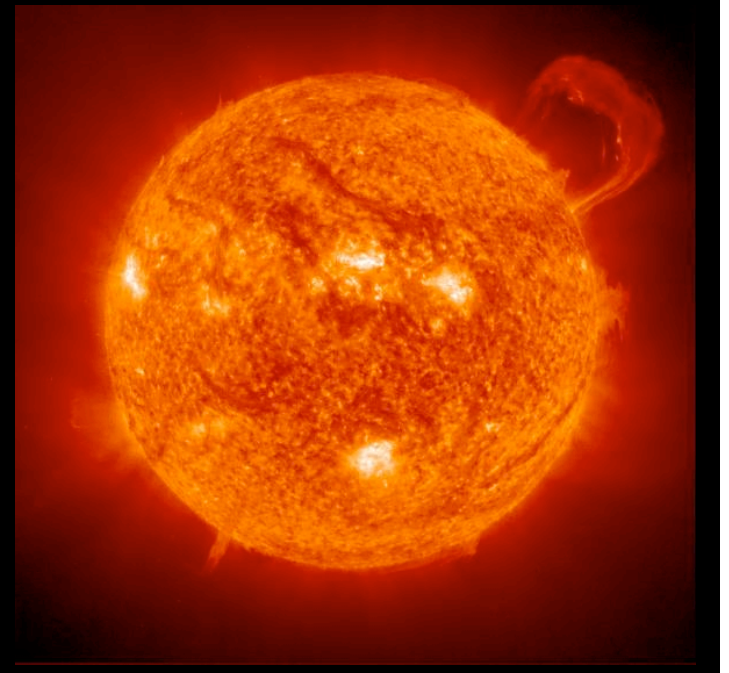


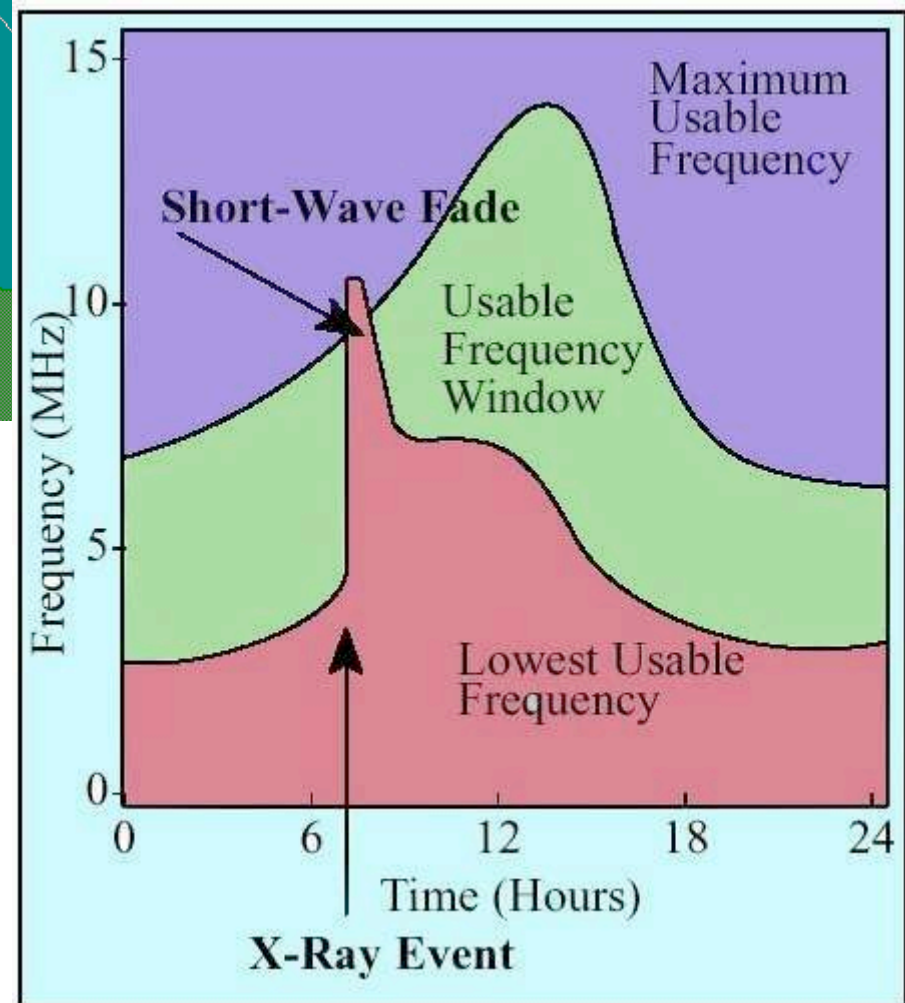
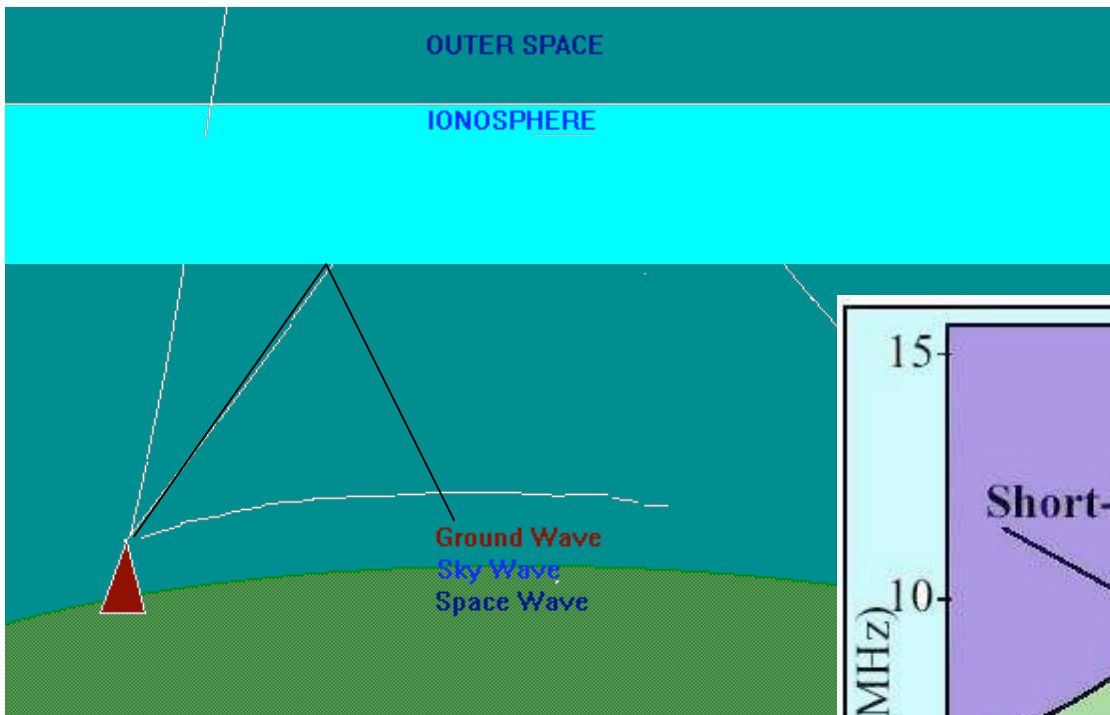


**The effects of magnetic storms - what scientists call space weather - extend from the ground to geostationary orbit and beyond.**

# Hazards from CMEs

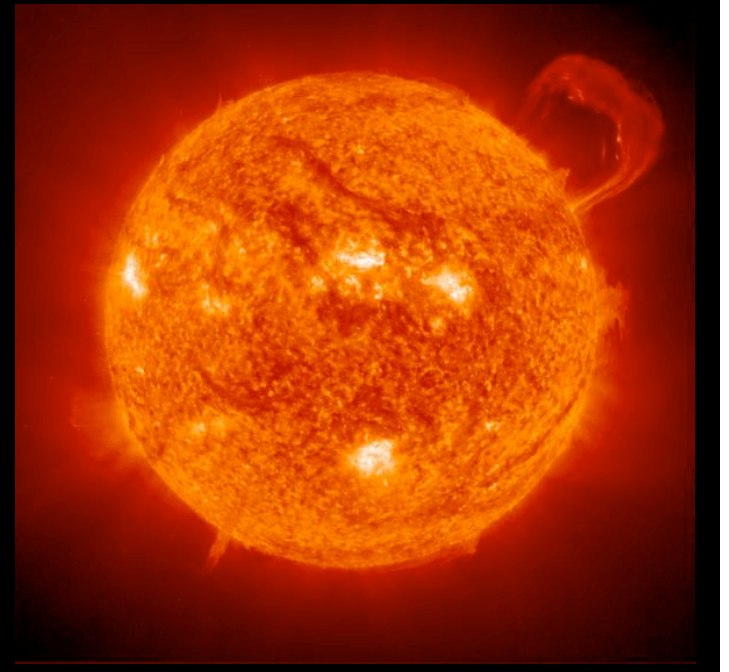
- Radio black-outs

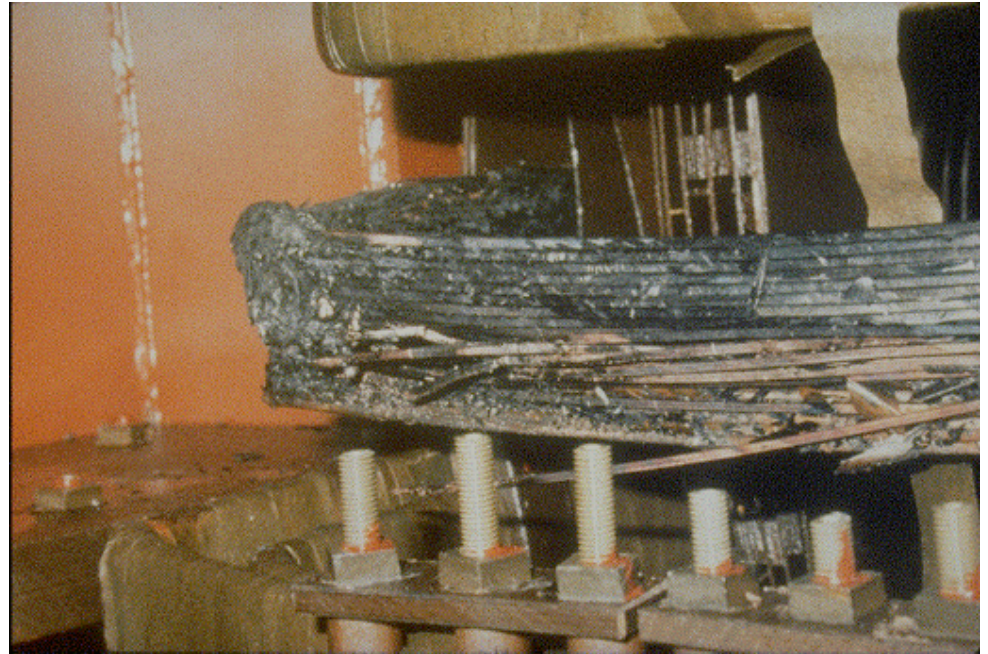




# Hazards from CMEs

- Radio black-outs
- Power plant failures

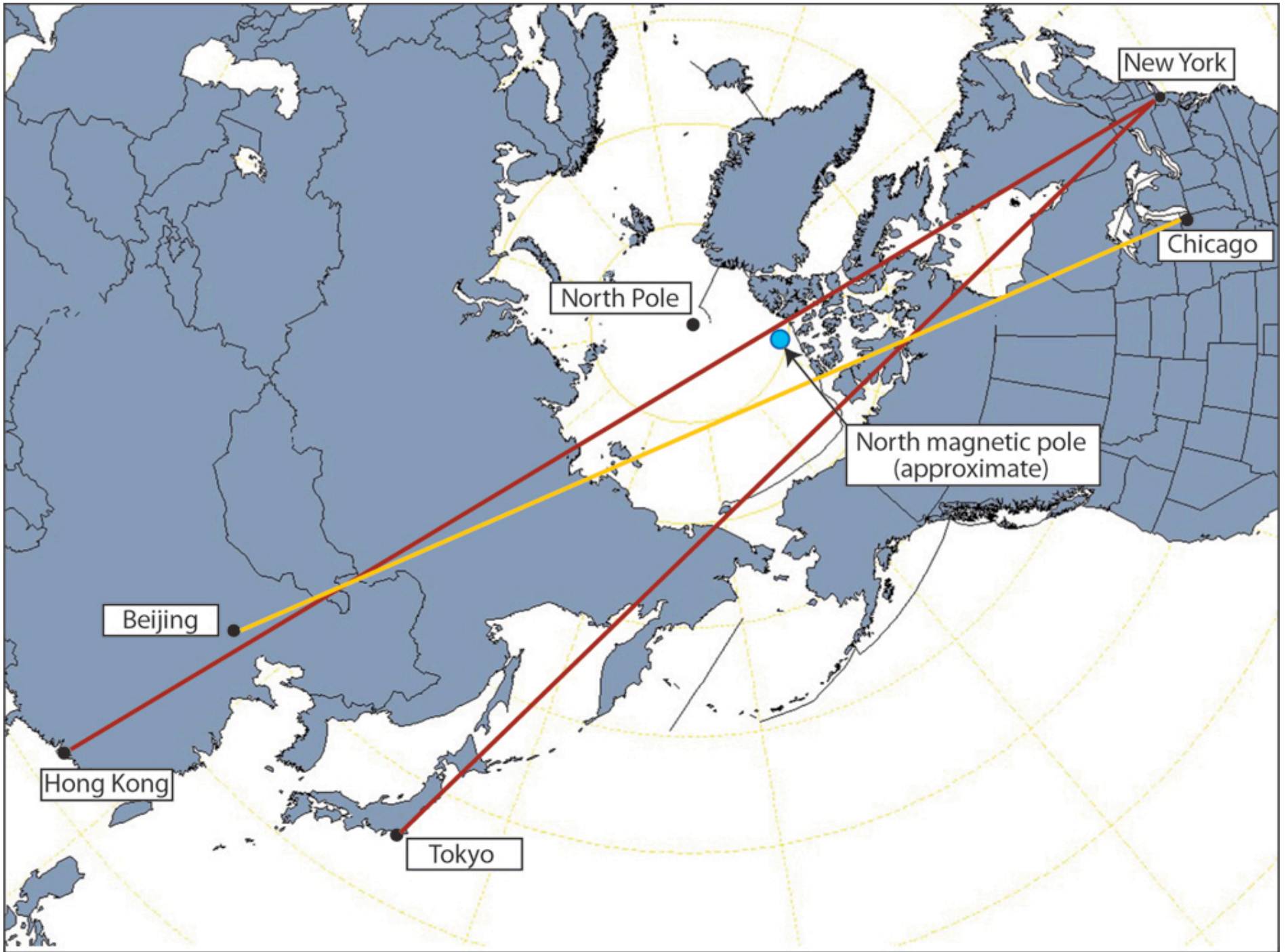




# Hazards from CMEs

- Radio black-outs
- Power plant failures
- Increased exposure for transcontinental flights

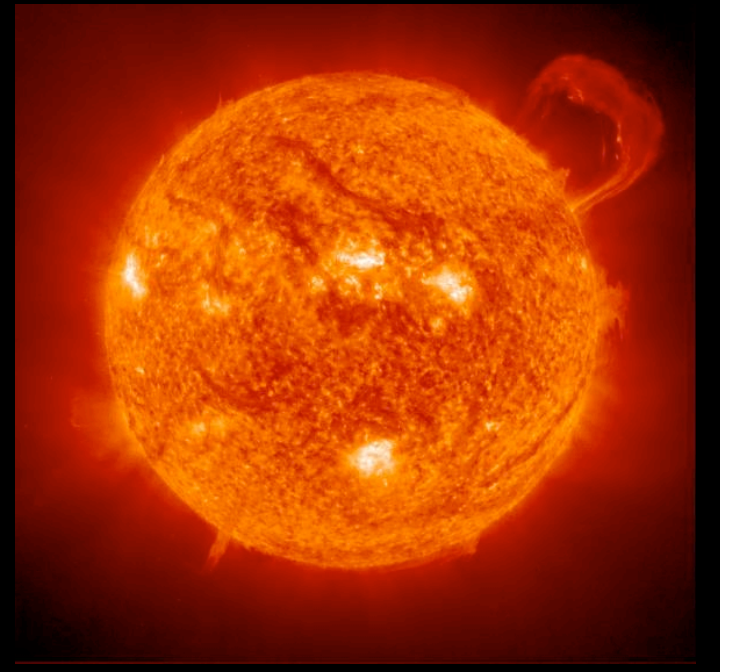




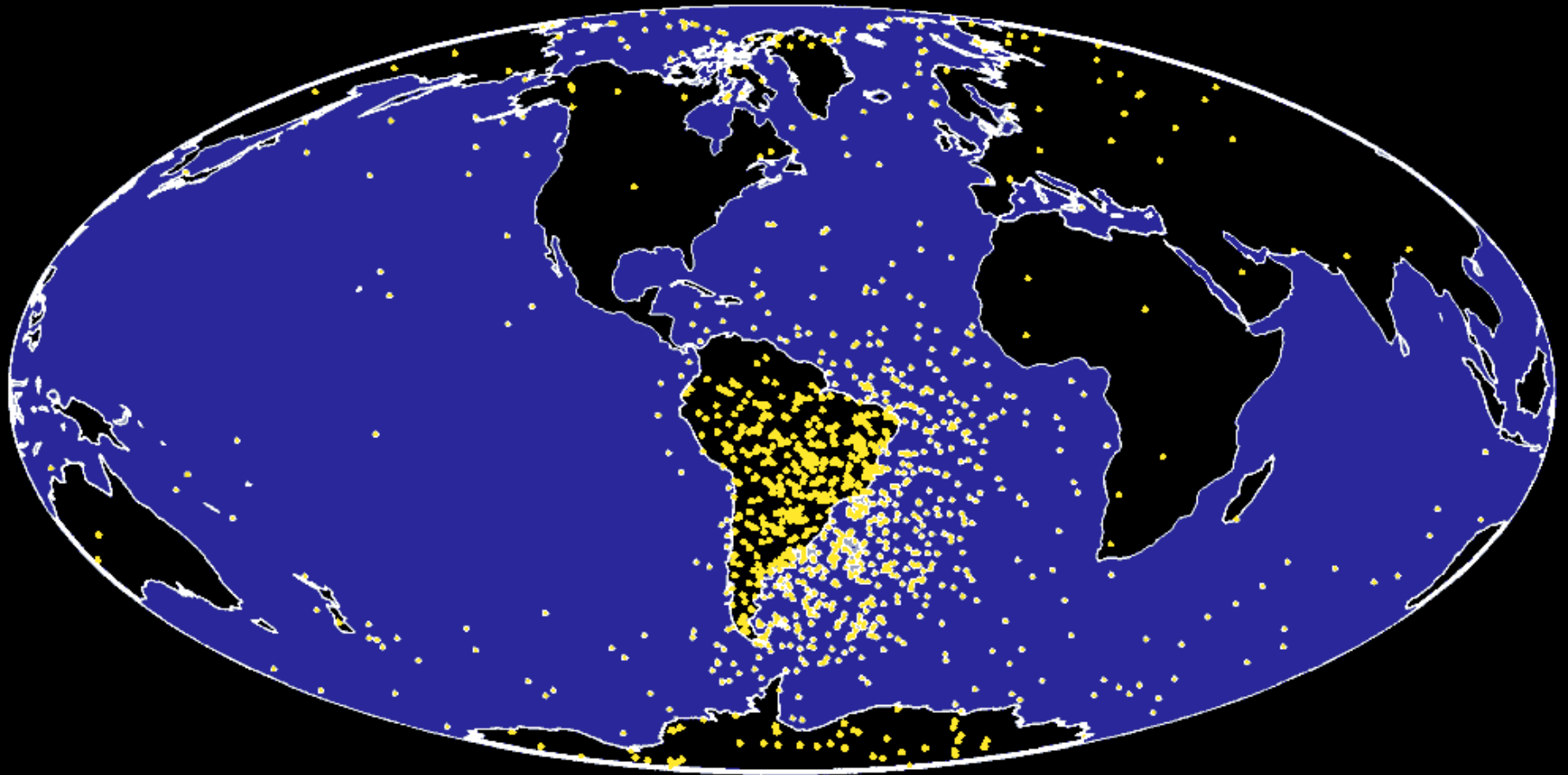


# Hazards from CMEs

- Radio black-outs
- Power plant failures
- Increased exposure for transcontinental flights
- Satellite failures



# UOSAT-2 Memory Upsets



ESA/ESTEC The Netherlands

NOAA/NGDC Boulder