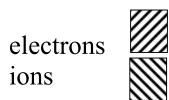
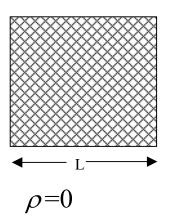
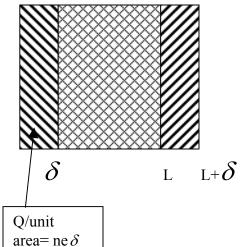
Plasma Response Time

Slab Model Assumes electrons and ions are cold





Now shift the electrons a small distance δ



$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \rho / \varepsilon_{o}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x} = \rho / \varepsilon_{o}$$

$$E = \frac{ne \delta}{\varepsilon_{o}} \text{ over most of the slab}$$

Force/unit area on these displaced electrons is

Lorentz Force on whole slab =
$$E*\frac{Ch \, arg \, e}{Area} = -neL\frac{ne\delta}{\varepsilon_o} = \frac{n^2 e^2 \delta L}{\varepsilon_o}$$

Now

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a} \Rightarrow \frac{Force}{Area} = Lorentz = \frac{m}{Area} * acceleration = nm_e L \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{mass/area}{slab}$$