

## The thermodynamic energy equation

This is just to complete the set. After this we have derived the full set of equations used in studying atmospheric motions, on large scales

1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics  $dQ = c_p dT - V dp$

- now if motion is NOT adiabatic, but instead heat is being applied (or removed) from the parcel at a rate  $\dot{Q}$  (think of some examples of what  $\dot{Q}$  might represent), then:

$$\dot{Q} = c_p \frac{dT}{dt} - \frac{RT}{p} \frac{dp}{dt}$$

↑  
 $\omega$

or  $\left( \frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{\kappa T}{p} \omega + \frac{\dot{Q}}{c_p} \right)$

so, note that for  $\dot{Q} > 0$ , we get either  $\omega < 0$  (rising) or  $\frac{dT}{dt} > 0$  ( $T \nearrow$  following the parcel) or some combination of both, which makes sense.